The new draft Willoughby Comprehensive LEP and DCP

Castlecrag, Middle Cove and Castle Cove

6 April 2022

Local Community Briefing

On behalf of Willoughby City Council, I wish to acknowledge the traditional inhabitants of the land on which we stand, the Aboriginal People, their spirits and ancestors. We acknowledge the vital contribution that indigenous people and cultures have made and still make to the nation that we share, Australia.

Short video:
Overview in relation to this exhibition from Mayor Tanya Taylor and Dr Deborah Dearing, the North District Commissioner for the Greater Sydney Commission (GSC)

https://youtu.be/7S4FKqdhIOo

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How the webinar will run

- Presenters this evening introduced
- Common slides in all webinars- providing consistency and context
- Important message from Northern Sydney LHD about healthy built environments
- Welcome to all Councillors in attendance
- Over 149 registered tonight for Webinar and 14 in person in the Chamber- the 'hybrid' webinar approach
- QUESTIONS can be submitted any time in the Q&A function of the Zoom
- Staff will respond to these if straightforward – if not within the next 10 working days on HYS
- VERBAL QUESTIONS at the end alternating between Chamber and on line
- FEEDBACK / COMMENTS in the 'CHAT' area of Zoom
- Cameras switched off and microphones muted to reduce background noise.
- Webinar is being recorded and will be available on HYS by the end of the following day. Those asking questions in the Chamber to note. Your image and voice may be recorded, publicly broadcast and archived. By attending this evening this should be understood

AGENDA

6.00 pm **Introduction**

- **Strategic Planning background**
- **Zoning name changes – State Government**

6.15 pm **Northern Sydney Local Health District – creating a Healthy Built Environment in Willoughby- David Morrisey**

6.30 pm **Draft LEP and DCP - Castlecrag Local Centre**

- **Zoning**
- **Height**
- **Floor Space**
- **Special Provisions (affordable housing and design excellence)**
- **Active Street Frontages**
- **Design Excellence**
- **Heat island impacts**

6.50 **Draft LEP and DCP – Castlecrag, Castle Cove and Middle Cove**

7.15 pm **QUESTIONS**

7.30 **Thank you and next steps**

Headline Changes

Local Environment Plan

- **Growing Chatswood CBD** to the North and South – in line with CBD Strategy adopted by Council and publicly exhibited
- Increasing **density in our local centres** – in line with Local Centres Strategy adopted by Council and publicly exhibited
- More **height and density in Industrial zones** – in line with Industrial Lands Strategy adopted by Council and publicly exhibited
- New **design excellence requirement**, **increase affordable housing** from 4% up to 10%, and **manage urban heat** impacts.
- **Alignment** of residential controls **with Code SEPP** (Exempt and Complying)
- Inclusion of **landscape controls** in LEP from DCP

Development Control Plan

- Strengthen **heritage controls**
- **Reduction of parking requirement** for railway precincts (Chatswood, Artarmon and St Leonards)

12 Week exhibition period with consultation events



Process for New Council Initiated Comprehensive LEP

Specific Strategies prepared to guide future LEP and DCP preparation
CBD; Housing; Local Centres; Industrial Lands; Affordable Housing; Integrated Transport; St Leonards/Crows Nest and North District Plan (GSC)

Local Strategic Planning Statement (Adopted by Council 10 February 2020)

Draft LEP (Planning Proposal)

To WLPP for advice

Reported to Council

Referred to DPE for 'Gateway' determination

'Gateway' granted Dec 2021 specifying requirements to proceed to exhibition

Satisfy 'Gateway' requirements

Exhibit minimum 28 days (3 months)

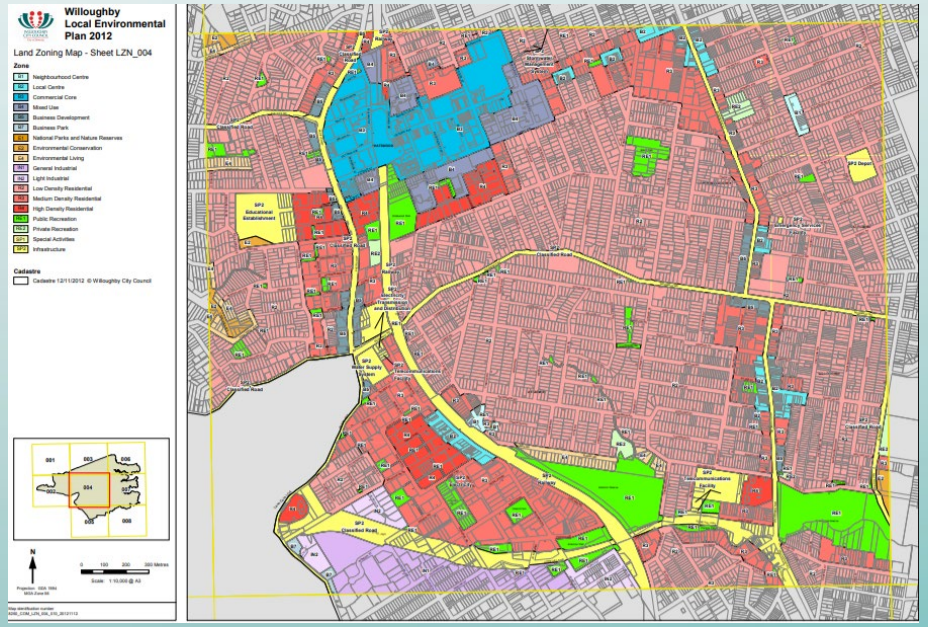
Report to Council

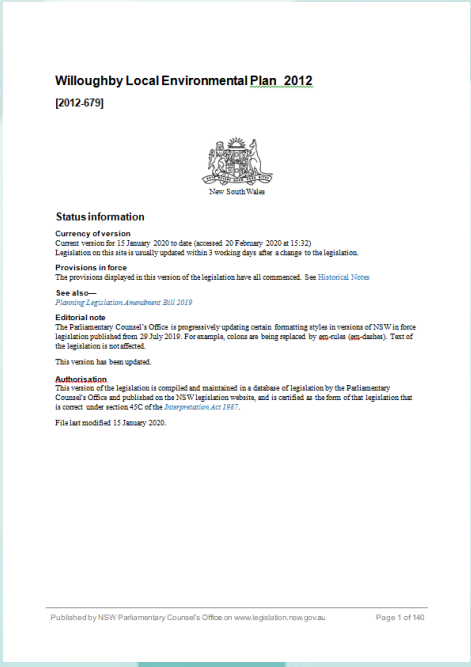
Refer to DPE for LEP to be made/gazetted

LEP takes effect from the date of notification on NSW Legislation website

Current Willoughby Local Environmental Plan 2012

- Work commenced in 2006
- Exhibited in 2010 and re-exhibited in 2012
- Came into force in February 2013 so now 9 years old
- 21 amendments since Gazettal





Willoughby Local Environmental Plan 2012

[2012-679]

New South Wales

Status information

Currency of version
Current version for 15 January 2020 to date (accessed 20 February 2020 at 15:32)
Legislation on this site is usually updated within 3 working days after a change to the legislation.

Provisions in force
The provisions displayed in this version of the legislation have all commenced. See Historical Notes

See also—
Planning Legislation Amendment Bill 2019

Editorial note
The Parliamentary Counsel's Office is progressively updating certain formatting styles in versions of NSW in force legislation published from 29 July 2019. For example, colons are being replaced by em-rules (em-dashes). Text of the legislation is not affected.

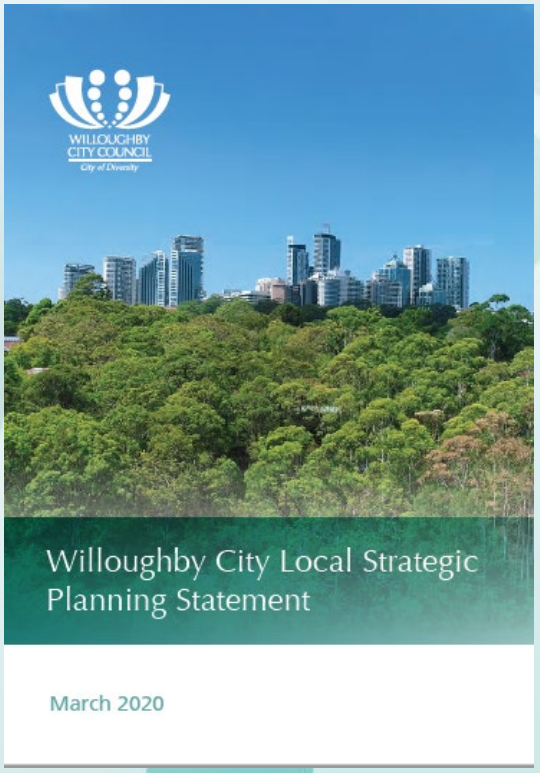
This version has been updated.

Authorisation
This version of the legislation is compiled and maintained in a database of legislation by the Parliamentary Counsel's Office and published on the NSW legislation website, and is certified as the form of that legislation that is correct under section 45C of the *Interpretation Act 1987*.

File last modified 15 January 2020.

Willoughby Local Strategic Planning Statement (LSPS)

- Following issue of District Plans across Sydney (GSC) in 2018 by the Greater Sydney Commission all Councils required to prepare an Local Strategic Planning Statement (LSPS)
- This sets a 20 year vision with priorities and actions for the entire LGA
- Comprehensive LEP gives statutory effect to LSPS actions by:
  - implementing the planning controls provided in the local strategies prepared by Council
  - providing land use controls to achieve the outcomes sought in terms of housing, transport, heritage, health and liveability, economy and employment, waterways, biodiversity, climate change, resilience, social infrastructure and collaboration.



Basis of the new dLEP

Drawn from conclusions and recommendations in our existing strategies delivered through extensive community consultation since 2017 and included in the LSPS:

- *Willoughby Local Centres Strategy*
- *Chatswood CBD and Urban Design Strategy to 2036*
- *Willoughby Industrial Lands Strategy*
- *St Leonards Crows Nest 2036 Plan*
- *Willoughby Housing Strategy*
- *Integrated Transport Strategy*

and will assist in responding to the new

- *Resilient Willoughby Strategy and Action Plan 2021*



Basis of the new dLEP

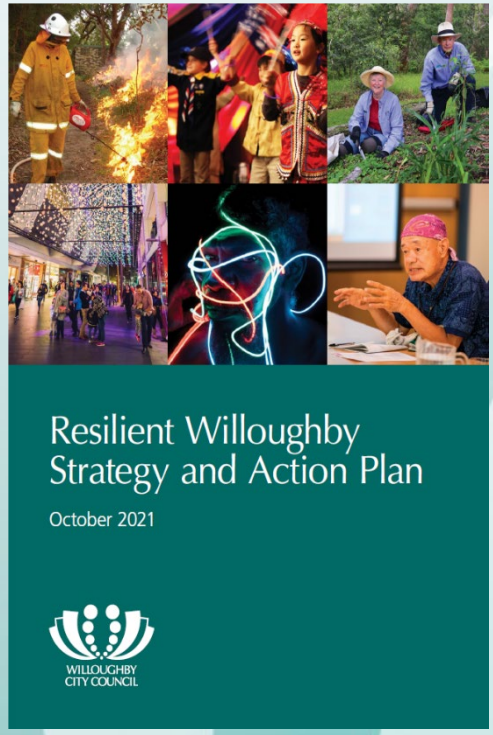
Council's *Resilient Willoughby Strategy* strives for:

Resilient places to withstand climate change, sustain biodiversity and support vibrant, connected communities

- Address the decline in urban biodiversity and tree canopy, reduced availability of green infrastructure
- Urban Greenways to better connect our unique green spaces and enhance opportunities for residents to enjoy nature and improve fitness by walking and cycling
- protect and extend the urban tree canopy (including green walls and roofs)

Resilient buildings which are safe, well-designed, affordable and sustainable

- Enhanced affordable housing opportunities e.g. improved access for vulnerable people and key workers, increased supply
- Response to extreme heat impacts which compromise comfort, productivity and health with sustainable programs to address thermal comfort in the built environment (indoors and outdoors)



Key statistics for Willoughby in future planning

Population, housing and jobs growth

The population is expected to grow from 78,000 in 2016 by 14,000 people to almost 92,000 in 2036.

The number of dwellings is expected to grow by over 6,700 from 30,367 in 2016 to over 37,000 in 2036. The 5 Year dwelling target of 1250 new dwellings between 2016 and 2021 met (North District Plan)

The number of jobs in Willoughby City is expected to grow from 64,000 to 74,600 in 2036 with a 6,300-8,300 jobs target for Chatswood CBD (North District Plan).



FORECAST POPULATION GROWTH TO 2036
Source: Willoughby Council, Draft Housing Strategy 2019

State changes to zones Environmental zones

- On Dec 1 2021, the NSW Government renamed ‘environment zones’ to ‘conservation zones’ under clause 2.1 Land use zones of the Standard Instrument – Principal Local Environmental Plans.
- The former E zones were:
  - E1 National Parks and Nature Reserves
  - E2 Environmental Conservation for areas with high ecological, scientific, cultural or aesthetic values outside national parks and nature reserves.
  - E3 Environmental Management for land where there are special ecological, scientific, cultural or aesthetic attributes that require careful consideration/management and for uses compatible with these values.
  - E4 Environmental Living for land with special environmental qualities.

- The new conservation zones now in LEPs are:

  - Zone C1 – National Parks and Nature Reserves
  - Zone C2 – Environmental Conservation
  - Zone C3 – Environmental Management (NA)
  - Zone C4 – Environmental Living

State changes to Employment (IN and B)Zones

- The existing Business (B) and Industrial (IN) zones will be replaced with five new employment zones and three supporting zones under Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006 (SI LEP Order).
- These are:

New zones	*Existing zones*
• E1 Local Centre	(B1 and B2)
• E2 Commercial Centre	(B3)
• E3 Productivity Support	(B5 and B7)
• E4 General Industrial	(IN1 and IN2)
• E5 Heavy Industrial	(IN3) (NA)

The 3 supporting Zones are:

• MU 1	(B4)
• W4	(IN 4) Working waterfront (NA)
• SP4	local enterprise zone (new precincts) (NA)

- The transition details are on exhibition with Council's dLEP at the request of the State government - the outcomes of exhibition will be reflected in the final LEP

Creating a Healthy Built Environment in Willoughby

David Morrisey

Prepared by **Andrew Wheeler**
Manager, Healthy Built Environments
Health Promotion

March 2022

NSW GOVERNMENT Health
Northern Sydney Local Health District

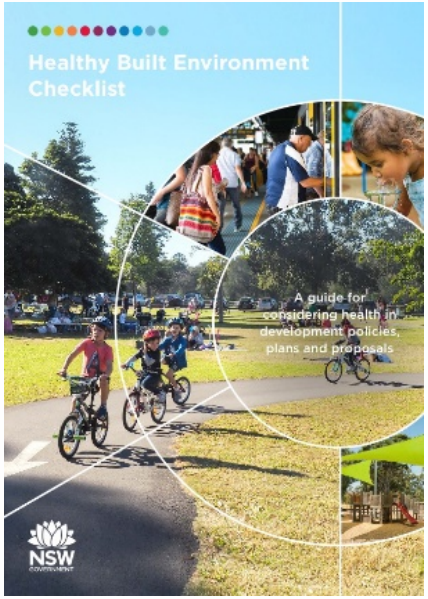
What makes *you* feel healthy?

How does the neighborhood that you live in contribute to your health and wellbeing – both positively and negatively?

Please put your responses in the 'Chat' function of the Zoom call

NSW GOVERNMENT Health
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Local Health District



Source: Frasers Property





Source: Bike North

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Local Health District





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Northern Sydney
Local Health District





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Northern Sydney
Local Health District

Healthy Neighbourhood Design

Centrally located ‘destinations’
e.g. primary school, library, community centre, open space

Nearby retail



Higher residential densities around neighbourhood centre/open space

Primary local traffic route with public and active transport options

NSW GOVERNMENT Health
Northern Sydney Local Health District



NSW GOVERNMENT Health
Northern Sydney
Local Health District

Housing





NSW GOVERNMENT Health
Northern Sydney
Local Health District

Housing



Source: Architecture & Design AU

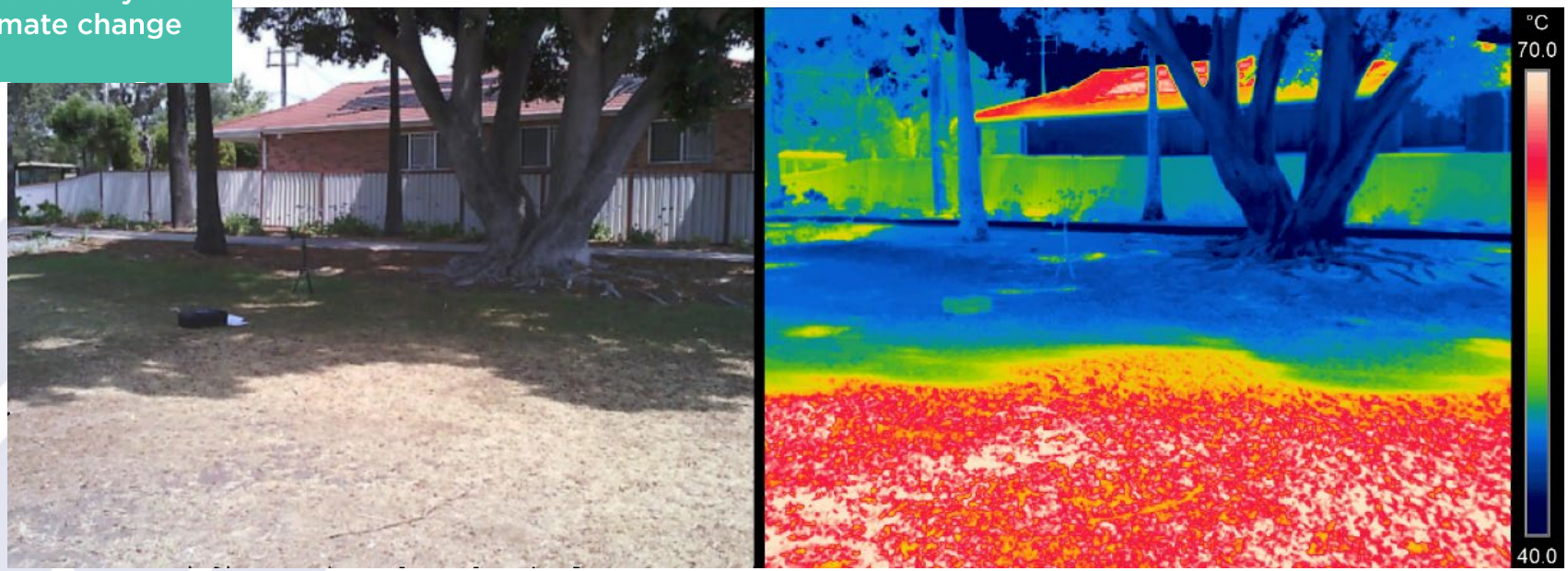
Open space and natural features





NSW GOVERNMENT | Health
Northern Sydney Local Health District

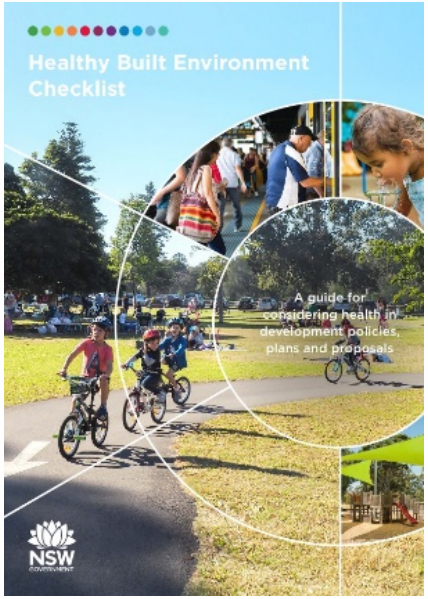
Environmental sustainability and climate change



Source: Dr Sebastian Pfautsch, WSU

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Local Health District

What makes *you* feel healthy?

How will the neighborhood that you live in contribute to *your community's* health and wellbeing over the next 15-20 years?

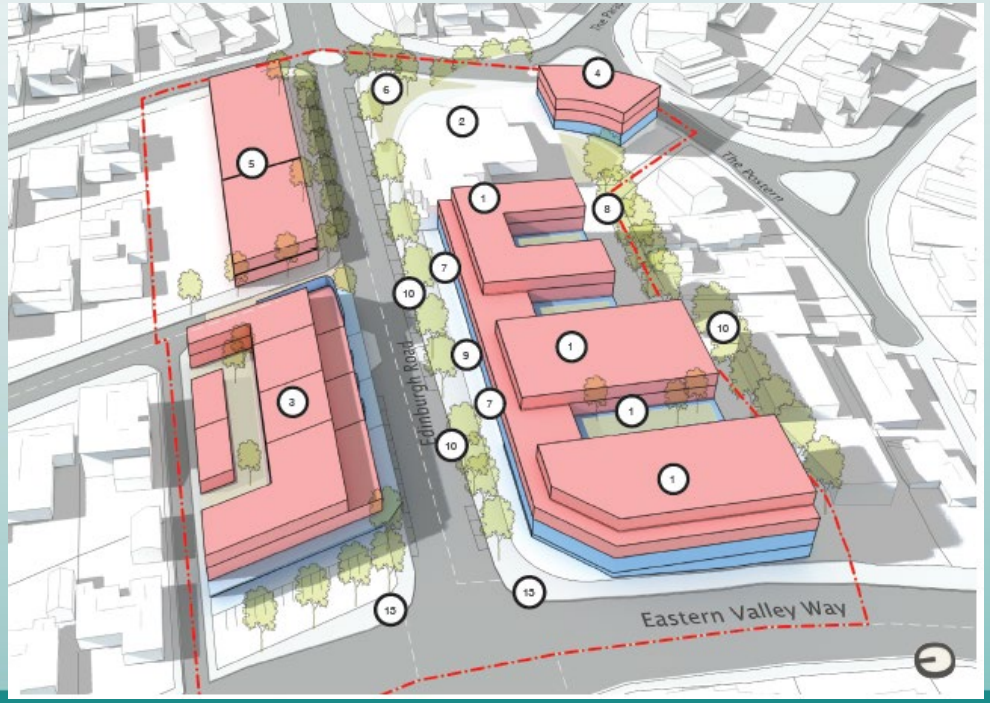
NSW GOVERNMENT Health
Northern Sydney Local Health District

Castlecrag: Local Centres Strategy

WILLOUGHBY CITY COUNCIL

A Vision for Castlecrag

The Castlecrag local centre is a thriving historic shopping village in an attractive landscaped setting and offers a range of outdoor spaces for dining and gathering along Edinburgh Rd. New development has enhanced the existing scale and pleasant public domain and has reinforced the character of the Conservation Area and strengthened the Walter Burley Griffin legacy.



1. Increase heights up to 4 storeys on Eastern Valley Way and up to 3 storeys above Edinburgh Road with an FSR up to 1.6:1 on the Quadrangle site. An FSR could be considered to 1.8:1 with an additional storey below the Edinburgh Road frontage to utilise the topography of the site without adversely impacting the streetscape and scale of the centre.
2. Retain existing controls for the Griffin Centre and identify as a heritage item.
3. Retain heights up to 3 storeys, with an FSR of 1.6:1 in the B1 zone north of Edinburgh Road.
4. Retain B1 zoning for The Postern, with a height limit of up 3 storeys with an FSR of 1.1:1.
5. Retain R3 zoning and FSR of 0.7:1 for properties in Edinburgh Road (95-103) and allow amalgamation for 2 developed lots.
6. Rezone the Council owned car park adjacent to the Griffin Centre to RE1 Public Open Space.

Castlecrag: Local Centres Strategy

Proposed controls:

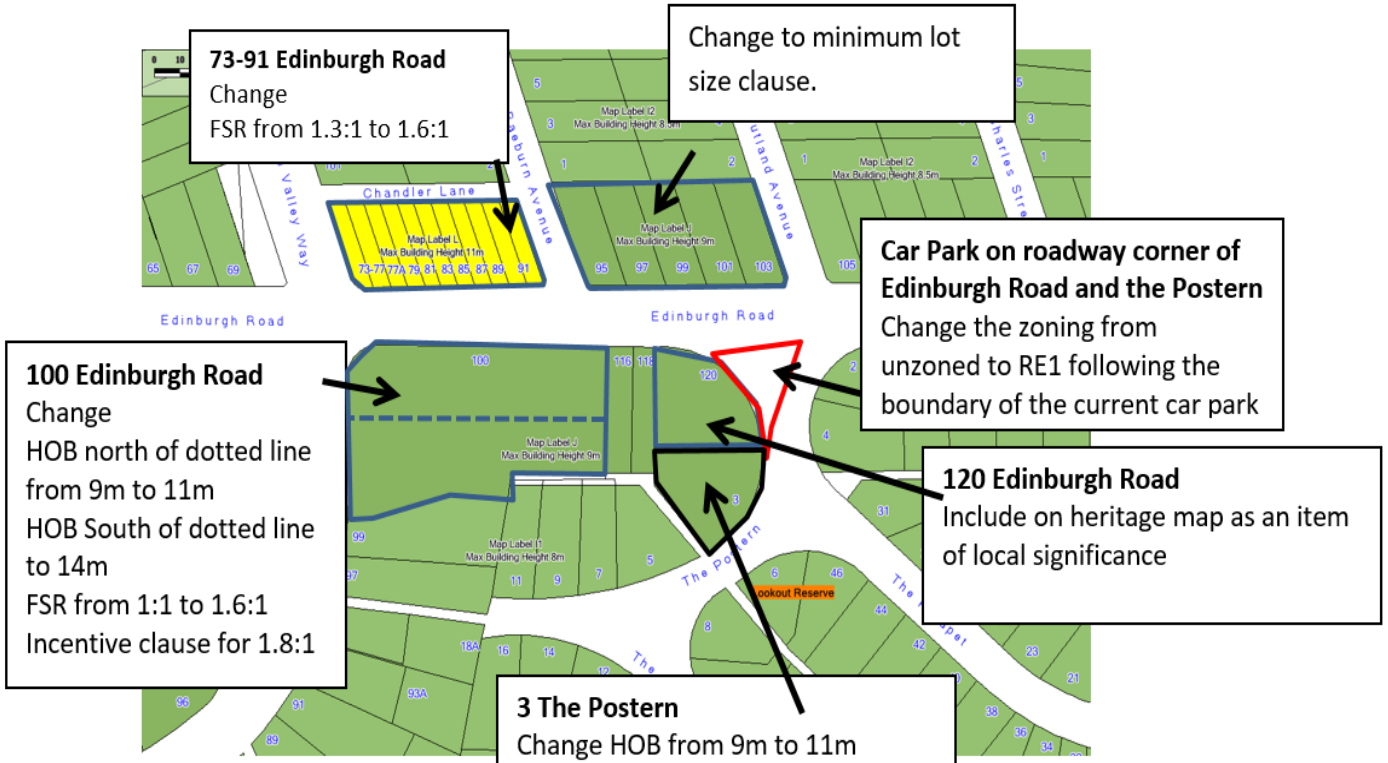
• Retain existing B1 neighbourhood Centre and R3 Medium Density residential for the centre.

• Introduce an active ground floor frontage control in the B1 zone.

• Concentrate increased height to the south of Edinburgh Rd to minimise solar access and amenity impacts

- Change minimum lot size for the R3 zone properties at 95-103 Edinburgh Road from 2,500 to 1,100 square metres.
- This amendment is consistent with Ministerial Direction 3.1 Residential zones in that it encourages a variety and choice of housing types.

Castlecrag: Recommendation Final Local Centres Strategy and draft LEP



Proposed LEP provisions for 100 Edinburgh Road Castlecrag – draft Planning Proposal

A draft planning proposal has been endorsed by Council in Nov. 2021 for the Quadrangle site for public exhibition. The proposal will be placed on exhibition after the Gateway determination has been received by the Department of Planning and Environment (DPE).

The proposal is considered to be consistent with the Local Centres Strategy and draft WLEP on exhibition in relation to height and FSR.

The height of building for the proposal is three storeys on Edinburgh Road and four storeys below the Edinburgh Road Frontage (AHD 97.490).

The floor space ratio of any building on the land at 100 Edinburgh Road is proposed to not exceed 1.8:1 of which not more than 1.6:1 shall be above the level of Edinburgh Road.

The concept plan shows uses at ground level facing Edinburgh Road for commercial purposes and residential apartments located above and at rear of the ground floor. A minimum of 20% of the total FSR is proposed for non-residential purposes.
The concept proposal provides 1,150 sqm of publicly accessible open space, including a link from Edinburgh Road to The Postern at the rear.

Draft Concept Plan for Planning Proposal for 100 Edinburgh Road, Castlecrag



Other general LEP improvements

- Remove anomalies
- New design excellence clause
- New Urban Heat Clause
- Removal of obsolete clauses (such as site specific where development completed)
- Update of state and local land acquisitions (road widening and open space)

Anomalies / corrections examples

233a Edinburgh Road



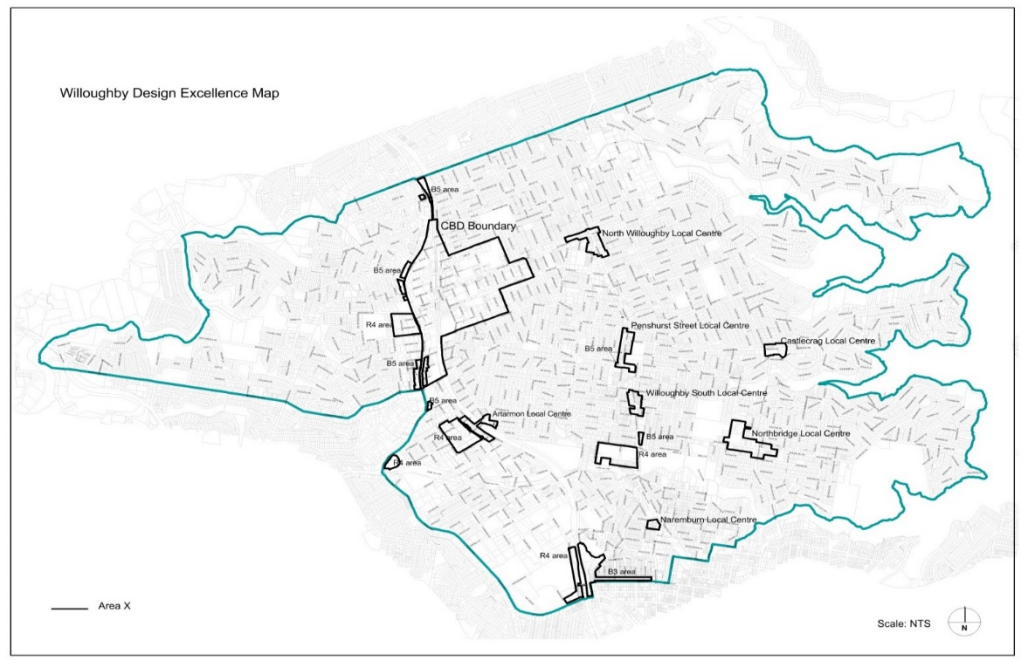
LEP Map boundary to be amended

Heritage Item 125– description in Schedule 5 is not correct and map should extend further south to reflect the property which expands over 2 lots. Description should mention 233 and 233a

New Clauses

Design Excellence

- Applies to specific sites including the Castlecrag centre
- Above 35 metres in height – subject to architectural design competition
- Above 12m and not above 35m - subject to design excellence review panel



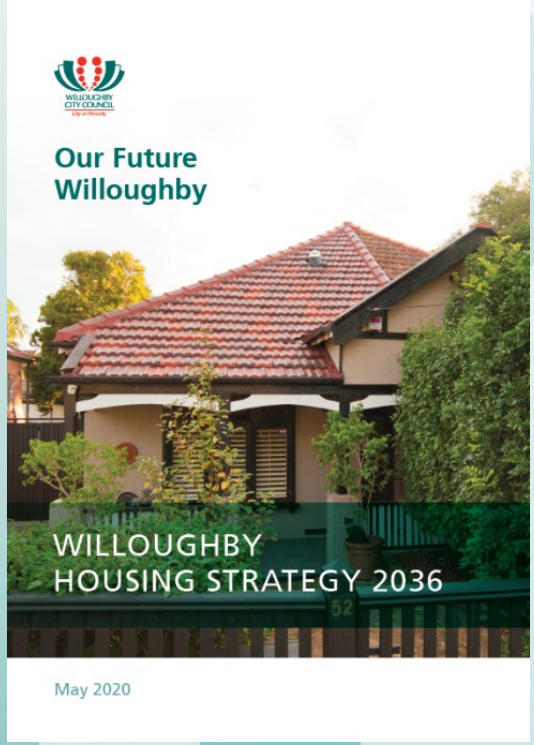
The new dLEP in relation to Housing- Willoughby Housing Strategy

Key focus areas for new housing in Willoughby:

- Chatswood CBD in mixed use developments as endorsed in the Chatswood CBD Strategy
- Local centres as identified in the Local Centres Strategy including Castlecrag (potential 74 new dwellings).
- Existing R3 and R4 zones

Protection of the existing R2 and C4 zones in the interests of housing choice and diversity.

No changes proposed to existing small retail areas in Castle Cove and Middle Cove.



Part L – Place based management plans

This Part includes specific guidelines and controls for the future development in the Chatswood Central Business District (CBD), the St Leonards precinct, and the local centres (such as Castlecrag) identified in the Willoughby Local Centres Strategy.

It is intended that the relevant performance criteria and controls under Part B and D of WDCP relating to residential and commercial development will apply to place management plans. However, if there is any inconsistency with the controls under Parts B and D of the draft WDCP, the controls under Part L will prevail.

Castlecrag: Performance Criteria – Part L draft DCP Place Based Plans

Proposed development in Castlecrag local centre should:

a. reinforce the Griffin philosophy that the built form is subordinate to the surrounding natural environment
b. design buildings which are highly articulated with strong vertical elements
c. encourage green roofs, and roof top gardens in appropriate locations
d. retain the fine grain built form of existing shopfronts on Edinburgh Road
e. ensure any redevelopment of the Quadrangle site provides new publicly accessible open space with good solar access
f. ensure any redevelopment of the Quadrangle provides a significant proportion of non-residential floor space as shown on Figure 5, with a pattern of fine grain shops along the Edinburgh Road frontage (Note: draft DCP states Figure 11 but should be Figure 5)
g. maintain active street frontages
h. minimise vehicular access from Edinburgh Road
i. provide deep soil zones in appropriate locations to support existing and additional mature trees with wide tree canopies to improve the streetscape and reduce urban heat impacts

Castlecrag: draft DCP Part L Place Based Plans – Masterplan for Local Centre

1. Retention of the Griffin Centre and ground floor façade, roof line and active street frontage.
2. Provide for a new park/green space.
3. Extend the curved façade of the Griffin Centre to reinforce The Postern.
4. Provide pedestrian links through to the Quadrangle site.
5. Retain mature boundary trees.
6. For any new development of the Quadrangle site, include a plaza with good solar access.
7. Provide roof top gardens and communal open space for any shop top housing.
8. Provide roof top gardens and communal open space for any shop top housing.
9. Retain at-grade car parking area.
10. Provide kerb blisters to improve mid-block crossing amenity.
11. Provide threshold and kerb blister treatments to improve pedestrian amenity.
12. For new developments, provide open space between shop top housing buildings.
13. Provide new vehicle access to the Quadrangle basement.
14. Provide a new left out vehicle access from the Quadrangle.
15. Create a green entry point at the intersection of Eastern Valley Way and Edinburgh Road.

Castlecrag: DCP Part L Place Based Plans - Masterplan for Neighbourhood Centre



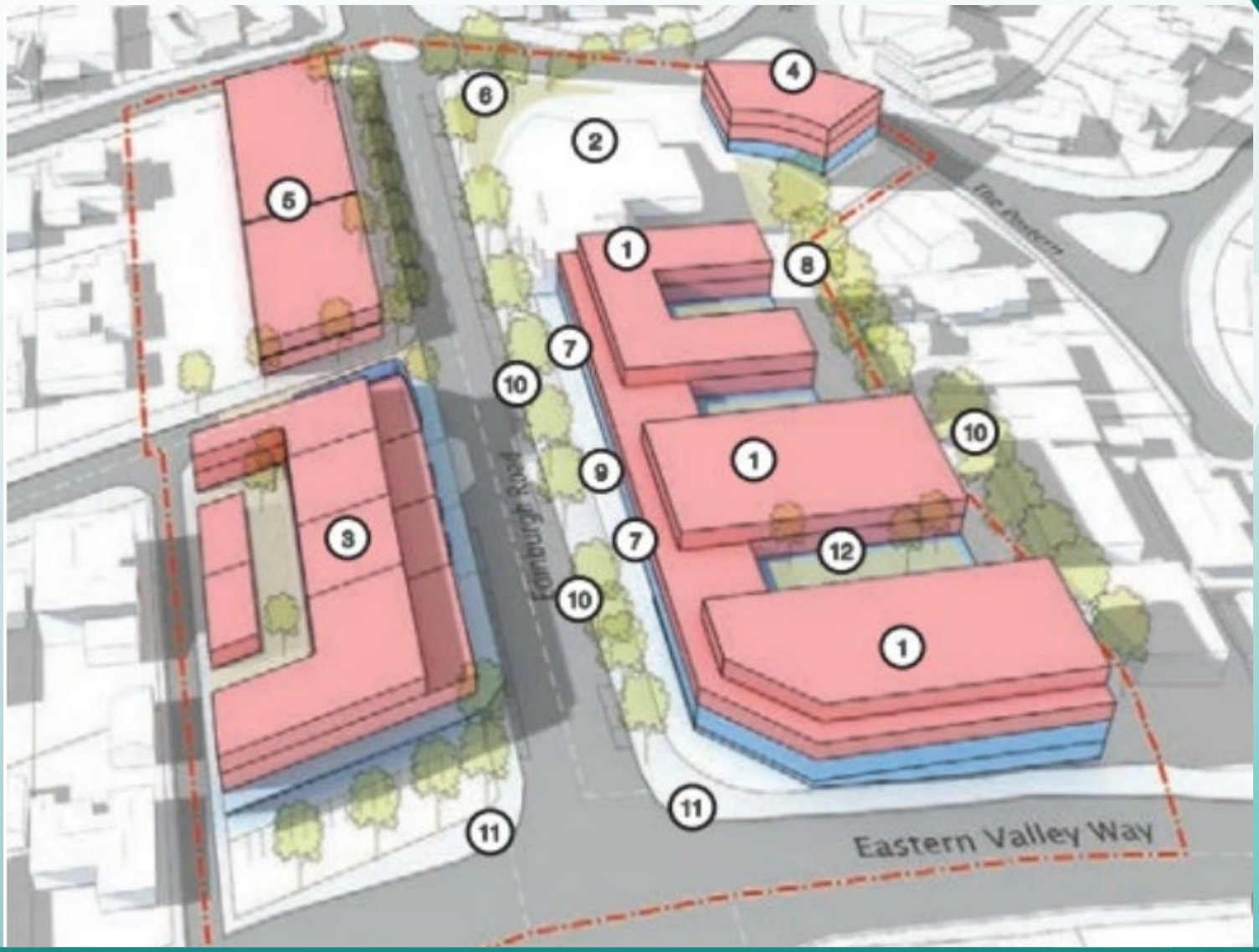
DCP Part L Place Based Plans - Masterplan for Castlecrag Local Centre – proposed controls (1)

1. Ensure a maximum of 4 storeys above the level at the Eastern Valley Way frontage and up to 3 storeys along Edinburgh Road (the additional storey below the Edinburgh Road frontage would use the topography of the site).
2. Retain the Griffin Centre which is identified as a heritage item.
3. Ensure a maximum of 3 storeys and 6m setback above the second level on the northern side of Edinburgh Road.
4. Ensure a maximum of 3 storeys for The Postern.
5. Require amalgamation for two development sites at 95–103 Edinburgh Road (minimum 1,100m2) with vehicular access from the rear lane or side street.

DCP Part L Place Based Plans - Masterplan for Castlecrag Local Centre – proposed controls (2)

6. Create public open space on the council-owned car park next to the Griffin Centre.
7. Provide a minimum 3m upper level setback (2nd storey) for shop top housing.
8. Maintain direct pedestrian links from the Quadrangle site to The Postern.
9. Ensure the built form does not restrict solar access along the footpath and adjoining public open space on the southern side of Edinburgh Road from 9am to 3pm on 21 June.
10. Retain the mature trees at the front and rear of the Quadrangle site.
11. Provide a ‘green’ landscaped entry point.
12. Provide a rooftop garden over the development with car parking area below.

Scale of Development for Castlecrag Local Centre – Figure 5



LEP changes - Housing

- Change from an FSR control for R2 zone to GFA to create equity by aligning with the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 (known as the Codes SEPP)
- Introduce a new landscaping control into the LEP taken from the DCP to provide more legal strength.
- Amend dual occupancy provisions also be in line with the Codes SEPP by allowing immediate subdivision and removing battle axe configurations.
- Set a minimum lot size of 1,100m2 for a new dwelling type 'manor houses' introduced by the Low Rise Medium Housing Order in 2017 (A manor house is a single building which comprises three or four dwellings attached on one lot of up to two storeys in height)
- Change to the affordable housing clause in line with the Community Strategic Plan (CSP) and the LSPS from 4% to 10% where feasible.

Dwelling House Provisions

Examples of Dwellings approved by Complying Development



Lane Cove North



Northbridge

Examples of Dwellings approved by DA



Chatswood West



Northbridge

From FSR to GFA – R2 – Low Density Residential zone

WLEP 2012
FSR calculation

Site Area	Current FSR control	Achievable GFA
< 200	0.65:1	129
200-300	0.55:1	110-165
301-400	0.5:1	150.5-200
401-500	0.47:1	188.5-235
501-600	0.45:1	225.5-270
601-700	0.43:1	258.5-301
701-800	0.41:1	287.5-328
> 800	0.4:1	320

SEPP Complying
GFA calculation

Site Area	SEPP control	Achievable GFA
200-250	78%	156-195
>250-300	75%	188 - 225
>300-350	235	235
>350-450	25% + 150	237.5-262.5
>450-560	290	290
>560-600	25% + 150	290-300
>600-740	335	335
>740-900	25% + 150	335-375
>900-920	380	380
>920-1000	25% + 150	380-400
>1000	400	400

FSR to GFA comparison
R2 – Low Density Residential zone

Site Area:	620.4m2
Max FSR (LEP 2012):	266.7m2
Max GFA (Housing Code/Draft LEP):	335m2 (303m2 proposed/DA approved)





Landscaping – Single Dwelling Houses

Existing WDCP Control / Proposed draft LEP Control

Site Area	WDCP Control	Required Landscaped Area (m2)
< 200	0.25 x site area	50
200-400	(0.35 x site area) – 20	50 - 120
401-600	(0.6 x site area) – 120	120 - 240
601-1000	(0.525 x site area) – 75	240 - 450
1001-1500	(0.6 x site area) – 150	450 - 750
> 1500	(0.5 x site area)	750

Existing SEPP Complying Development Control for Dwelling House

Site Area	SEPP (Complying) Control	Required Landscaped Area
200 - 300	10% of site area	20 – 30m2
> 300 - 450	15% of site area	45 – 67.5m2
> 450 - 600	20% of site area	90 – 120m2
> 600 - 900	30% of site area	180 – 270m2
> 900 - 1500	40% of site area	360 – 600m2
> 1500	45% of site area	675m2

FSR to GFA with Landscaping comparison

Site Area:	650.3m2
Max FSR (LEP 2012):	279.6m2
Max GFA (Housing Code/Draft LEP):	335m2 (312.4m2 proposed/approved)
Min Landscaped Area (WDCP/Draft LEP):	266.4m2
Min Landscaped Area (SEPP Complying):	195m2 (255.5m2 provided)





Changes to Dual Occupancy Provisions

WILLOUGHBY CITY COUNCIL

Forms of Dual Occupancy









Changes to Dual Occupancy Provisions

Proposed GFA Controls

- Attached (Side by Side) and detached: 25% of site area + 300m2
- Attached (one above the other): 25% of site area + 150m2, to a max of 400m2

- Landscape control

Site Area	WDCP Control	Required Landscaped Area
< 200	0.25 x site area	50
200-400	(0.35 x site area) – 20	50 - 120
401-600	(0.6 x site area) – 120	120 - 240
601-1000	(0.525 x site area) – 75	240 - 450
1001-1500	(0.6 x site area) – 150	450 - 750
> 1500	(0.5 x site area)	750

- Subdivision: Immediate

Changes to Dual Occupancy Provisions

Site Area:	730.6m2
Max FSR (LEP 2012):	292.2m2 (292.2m2 proposed/approved)
Max GFA (SEPP Complying /Draft LEP):	482.6m2
Landscaped Area (DCP):	255.7m2 (311.5m2 provided)
Landscaped Area (SEPP Complying):	265.3m2
Landscaped Area (Draft LEP):	308.56m2





Changes to Dual Occupancy Provisions

Site Area:		964.3m2
Max FSR (LEP 2012):	385.7m2	
Max GFA (SEPP Complying /Draft LEP):	541m2	
Landscaped Area (DCP):	337.5m2	
Landscaped Area (SEPP Complying):	382.1m2	
Landscaped Area (Draft LEP):	431.2m2	



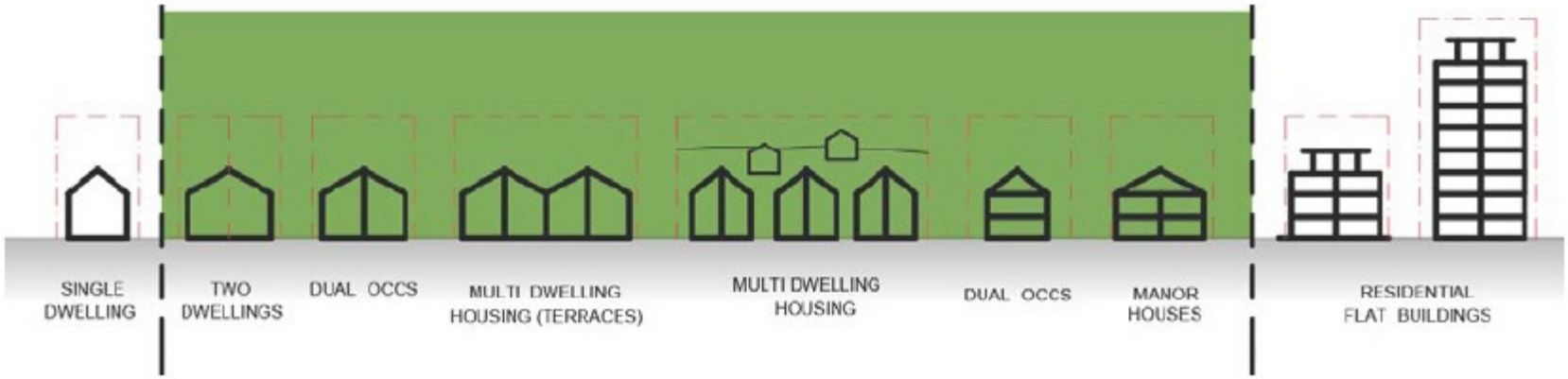
Battle-axe form (one behind the other)not supported due to loss of landscaped area to meet tree canopy target with resulting biodiversity loss and increased heat island impacts.





Manor Houses

Minimum lot size requirement for manor houses – 1100m² proposed
SEPP requires 600m2



Affordable Housing

WLEP Control:	4% of residential floor space in new development in specified areas provided in addition to permissible FSR (eg FSR = 1.5:1 + 4%)
LSPS Commitment:	Increase affordable housing requirement from 4% to 7% by 2021 and 10% by 2026 building on CSP
Draft LEP Proposal:	10% of residential floor space within permissible FSR (eg FSR = 1.5:1 of which 10% is affordable housing)

Note **Feasibility Report by SGS Planning and Economics** available for consideration during exhibition.

DCP Changes

Twelve (12) Parts of new dDCP

Part A – Overview of Draft WDCP 2021
Part B – Residential Development
Part C – Development in E4 Environmental Living Zones
Part D – Commercial Development
Part E – Industrial Development
Part F – Transport and Parking Management
Part G – Vegetation Management
Part H – Heritage and Heritage Conservation Areas
Part I – Water Management
Part J – Building Sustainability
Part K – Development near Lane Cove Tunnel Ventilation Stacks
Part L – Place Based Plans

Draft DCP 2021 – key changes

1) New format to be more ‘user-friendly’ – incorporated controls to be development based

2) Residential:

- Part B – Residential Development
- Minor and Major development
- R2 zone
  - controls to align with Complying SEPP (Exception landscaping incorporated in LEP
- C4 (previously E4) zone
  - additional documentation for applications adjoin bushland and/or places of potential aboriginal significance
  - landscape controls in LEP
- Heritage Conservation Areas
  - demolition of a building or removal of any significant elements is not supported
  - information required for justifying demolition where sought
  - additional controls for semi-detached development
  - reinforces importance of protecting the external fabric and streetscape character
- R3 and R4 zones and shop-top housing
  - alignment with ADG
  - where not inconsistent with ADG existing controls remain
  - deep soil controls

Draft DCP 2021 – key changes

3) Local Centres including Castlecrag

- Part B – Residential Development (shop-top housing)
- Part C – Commercial Development
- Part L – place based controls
  - reflecting controls contained in CBD Strategy (setbacks, street wall height, through site links, public domain improvements, site area, floor plate size)

4) Other DCP provisions

- Part F – Transport and Parking Management
  - Changes adopting Integrated Transport Strategy recommendations
  - Travel demand management
- Part G – Vegetation Management
  - Changes adopted February 2020
  - Minimal further changes
- Part I – Water Management
  - Changes adopted October 2019
  - Minor changes to clarify provisions
- Part J – Building Sustainability
  - Changes adopted November 2020
  - No further changes proposed

Questions ?

Thank you and next steps

- The dLEP and dDCP are now on exhibition until 7 June (a total period of 12 weeks)

- A series of webinars is being delivered to provide local and issue specific detail and the opportunity for questions **Additional session for Castlecrag on Tuesday 12 April 2022**

- Your feedback today will be included in a feedback report.

- Report to Council with any suggested amendments for finalisation is anticipated around October.

- Referral to DPE to make the new WLEP and for Council to endorse new DCP could occur later this year unless a further exhibition period is determined necessary in which case finalisation is expected to be during 2023.